WGND Meeting October 26, 2011, Lille

What We're Trying to Accomplish

Efficiently bring to market affordable and easy-touse regimen(s) that shorten and simplify treatment for DS- and DR-TB in HIV positive and negative subjects

- Ideally, no pre-existing resistance
- Alternatively, delivery paired with appropriate resistance testing

TB Drug/Regimen Discovery and Development Process

Discovery Single Compound Phase II → Phase III Compound 1 **Preclinical Development** \rightarrow Phase I \rightarrow EBA Compound 2 Regimen A Drug Compound 3 Candidate **Pool** Regimen B Compound 4 Compound 5 Regimen C **Regimen Identification Identification of New Drug Selection of Potential New Candidates** Regimens

NC-001



NC-001: Use of EBA to Test Principles Learned From Animal Models and to Begin Clinical Development of Novel Regimens

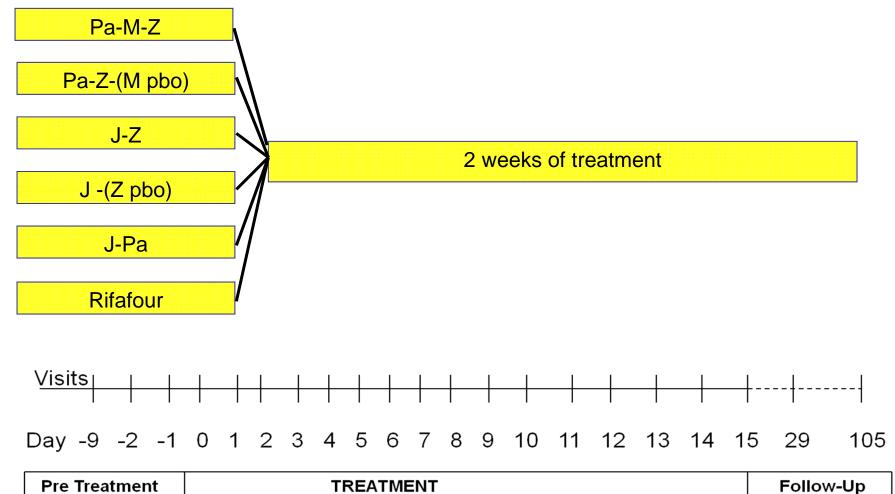
NC-001 (first novel combination EBA study)

- J-Z synergy
- Pa-Z additivity
- Pa-J antagonism
- Pa-M-Z an enhanced novel regimen

EBA = early bactericidal activity

Pa = PA-824; M = moxifloxacin; Z = pyrazinamide; J = TMC207

First Novel Combo EBA: NC-001



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Pa = PA-824: M = moxifloxacin; Z = pyrazinamide; J = TMC207

NC-001 Conclusions

- Validation of mouse data: J-Z synergy, Pa-Z additivity, Pa-J antagonism, Pa-M-Z contributions
- Pa-M-Z an enhanced novel regimen in 2-wk study
 - All three compounds contribute to observed effect
- EBA can distinguish between treatments
 - Just as it has previously distinguished between doses
- CFU and TTP give similar results

Pa = PA-824; M = moxifloxacin; Z = pyrazinamide; J = TMC207

Post NC-001 Study: Next Steps

- Develop Pa-M-Z for both DS- and DR-TB (in setting of appropriate resistance testing)
 - 2-month "SSCC" study (NC-002)
- Build on J-Z and Pa-Z backbones
- Explore J-Pa building block
- Continue to examine potential regimens in mouse models and bring promising new regimens into clinical development

Pa = PA-824; M = moxifloxacin; Z = pyrazinamide; J = TMC207

NC-002: First Study to Examine DS- and MDR-TB Together Using the Same Treatment for Both

Question: How To Develop a Novel Regimen Most Efficiently in All Susceptible Populations?

Our Answer: Unified DS and DR Development Path

REMox Phase 3 Trial

Phase 3 REMoxTB Trial Design

Randomized, Double-blind; Non-inferiority

	Treatment Duration (months)					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Intensive		Continuation			
630 participants Standard Regimen	HRZE		HR			
	Placebos					
630 participants Moxifloxacin for Ethambutol	HRZM		HRM			
	Placebos					
630 participants Moxifloxacin for	MRZE		MR			
Isoniazid	Placebos					



All participants followed for 12 months post-treatment

H = isoniazid; M = moxifloxacin; R = rifampin; Z = pyrazinamide; E = ethambutol

REMox Sites



REMox TB Timeline

First Patient In: 1Q 2008

Last Patient In: Dec 2011

Last Patient Out: Jul 2013

Database Lock: Dec 2013

Study Report: April 2014

Thank You!

And Thank You To Our:

Funders

Partners

Staff

Stakeholders

Patients